# RICOH

## R5326x SERIES

#### **Automatic Mode Shift Dual 150mA LDO**

NO.EA-138-120404

#### **OUTLINE**

The R5326x Series are CMOS-based voltage regulator ICs with high output voltage accuracy, Typ.  $5.5\mu A$  low supply current, and remarkably improved transient response compared with the conventional low supply current voltage regulators. The supply current of IC itself is automatically shifts between fast mode and low power mode depending on the load current. (The current threshold is fixed internally.) Each of these voltage regulator ICs consists of a voltage reference unit, an error amplifier, resistors for setting the output voltage, a current limit circuit for preventing from the destruction by an over current, and so on.

The chip enable function realizes the standby mode with ultra low supply current.

Since the packages for these ICs are SOT-23-6 (Discontinued) and DFN(PLP)1820-6, and chip size package, WLCSP-6-P1 (Limited), dual LDO regulators are included in each package, high density mounting of the ICs on boards is possible.

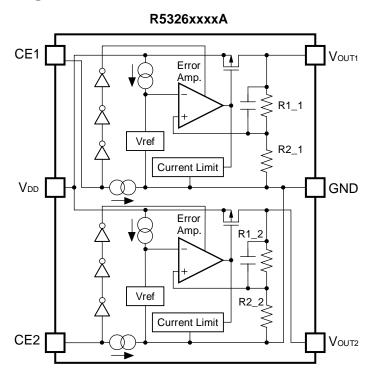
#### **FEATURES**

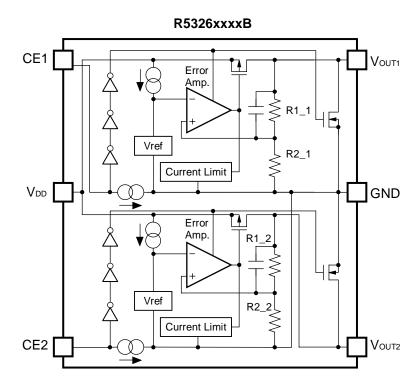
Supply Current (Low Power Mode)	Typ. 5.5μA×2 (VR1&VR2) (Ιουτ=0mA)
Supply Current (Fast Mode)	Typ. 50μA×2 (VR1&VR2) (Ιουτ=10mA)
Standby Current	Typ. 0.1μA (VR1&VR2)
Dropout Voltage	Typ. 0.19V (Iout=150mA, Vout=2.8V)
Ripple Rejection	Typ. 70dB (f=1kHz)
	Typ. 60dB (f=10kHz)
Input Voltage Range	1.4V to 6.0V
Output Voltage Range	0.8V to 4.2V (0.1V steps)
	(For details, please refer to MARK INFORMATIONS.)
Output Voltage Accuracy	±1.0% (Vоит>1.5V)
Line Regulation	Typ. 0.02%/V
Packages	WLCSP-6-P1 (Limited), DFN(PLP)1820-6,
	SOT-23-6 (Discontinued)
Built-in fold-back protection circuit	Typ. 50mA (Current at short mode)
Ceramic Capacitor is recommended	40 54-00 5
- Ceramic Capacitor is recommended:	T.UµF to 3.3µF

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Power source for handheld communication equipment.
- Power source for electrical appliances such as cameras, VCRs and camcorders.
- Power source for battery-powered equipment.

## **BLOCK DIAGRAMS**





#### **SELECTION GUIDE**

The output voltage, auto discharge function, package for the ICs can be selected at the user's request.

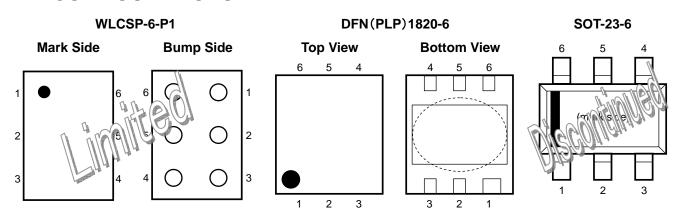
Product Name	Package	Quantity per Reel	Pb Free	Halogen Free
R5326Zxxx*-E2-F	WLCSP-6-P1 (Limited)	5,000 pcs	Yes	Yes
R5326Kxxx*-TR	DFN(PLP)1820-6	5,000 pcs	Yes	Yes
R5326Nxxx*-TR-FE	SOT-23-6 (Discontinued)	3,000 pcs	Yes	Yes

- xxx: The combination of output voltage for each channel can be designated by serial numbers. (from 001) The output voltage for each channel can be set in the range from 0.8V to 4.2V in 0.1V steps. (For details, please refer to MARK INFORMATIONS.)
- \* : The auto discharge function at off state are options as follows.
  - (A) without auto discharge function at off state
  - (B) with auto discharge function at off state

#### The products scheduled to be discontinued (be sold to limited customer): "Limited"

These products will be discontinued in the future. You can not select these products newly. We will provide these products to the customer who has been using or has ordered them before. But we recommend changing to other products as soon as possible.

## **PIN CONFIGURATIONS**



#### **PIN DESCRIPTIONS**

#### • WLCSP-6-P1 (Limited), SOT-23-6 (Discontinued)

Pin No	Symbol	Pin Description		
1	Vout1	Output Pin 1		
2	V <sub>DD</sub>	Input Pin		
3	Vout2	Output Pin 2		
4	CE2	Chip Enable Pin 2 ("H" Active)		
5	GND	Ground Pin		
6	CE1	Chip Enable Pin 1 ("H" Active)		

#### • DFN(PLP)1820-6

Pin No	Symbol	Pin Description		
1	Vout2	Output Pin 2		
2	V <sub>DD</sub>	Input Pin		
3	Vout1	Output Pin 1		
4	CE1	Chip Enable Pin 1 ("H" Active)		
5	GND	Ground Pin		
6	CE2	Chip Enable Pin 2 ("H" Active)		

 $<sup>\</sup>ast)$  Tab is GND level. (They are connected to the reverse side of this IC.)

The tab is better to be connected to the GND, but leaving it open is also acceptable.

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Symbol	Item	Rating	Unit	
Vin	Input Voltage	6.5	V	
Vce	Input Voltage (CE Pin)	-0.3 to 6.5	V	
Vоит	Output Voltage	-0.3 to V <sub>IN</sub> +0.3	V	
Іоит1, Іоит2	Output Current	200	mA	
	Power Dissipation (WLCSP-6-P1) *(Limited)	633		
P <sub>D</sub>	Power Dissipation (DFN(PLP)1820-6) *	880	mW	
	Power Dissipation (SOT-23-6) * (Discontinued)	420	7	
Topt	Operating Temperature Range	-40 to 85	°C	
Tstg	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 125	°C	

<sup>\*)</sup> For Power Dissipation, please refer to PACKAGE INFORMATION.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Electronic and mechanical stress momentarily exceeded absolute maximum ratings may cause the permanent damages and may degrade the life time and safety for both device and system using the device in the field. The functional operation at or over these absolute maximum ratings is not assured.

#### RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS)

All of electronic equipment should be designed that the mounted semiconductor devices operate within the recommended operating conditions. The semiconductor devices cannot operate normally over the recommended operating conditions, even if when they are used over such conditions by momentary electronic noise or surge. And the semiconductor devices may receive serious damage when they continue to operate over the recommended operating conditions.

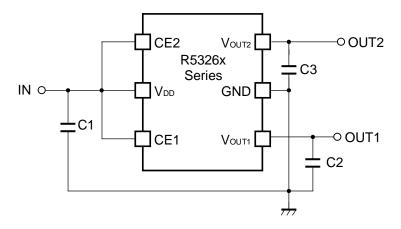
## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

#### • R5326xxxxA/B

VR1/VR2 Topt=25°C

Symbol	Item	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit		
Vout	Output Voltage	VIN-VOUT=1	/ \	/оит > 1.5V	×0.99		×1.01	V	
<b>V</b> 001	Output voltage	Iouт=1mA Vouт ≤ 1.5		/ouт ≤ 1.5V	-15		+15	mV	
<b>І</b> оит	Output Current	VIN-VOUT=1	/		150			mA	
ΔVουτ/ΔΙουτ	Load Regulation	$V_{IN}-V_{OUT}=1$ \ $1mA \leq I_{OUT}$		mA			80	mV	
			$0.8V \leq V_{OUT} < 0.9V$			0.62	0.87		
			0.9V	0.9V ≦ Vouт<1.0V		0.58	0.78		
			1.0V	≦ Vouт<1.2V		0.48	0.69		
V <sub>DIF</sub>	Dropout Voltage	Іоит= <b>150mA</b>	1.2V	≦ Vouт<1.5V		0.40	0.59	V	
			1.5V	≦ Vouт<2.0V		0.31	0.48		
			2.0V	≦ Vouт<2.8V		0.22	0.37		
			2	2.8 ≦ Vout		0.19	0.27	•	
Iss <sub>1</sub>	Supply Current (Low Power Mode)	VIN-VOUT=1V, IOUT=0mA			5.5	16	μΑ		
lss <sub>2</sub>	Supply Current (Fast Mode)	VIN-VOUT=1V, IOUT=10mA			50	105	μΑ		
Istandby	Standby Current	VIN=6V, VCE1=VCE2=GND			0.1	1.0	μΑ		
loutl	Low Power Mode Current threshold	V <sub>IN</sub> -V <sub>OUT</sub> =1V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =30mA to 1μA			0.6		mA		
Іоитн	Fast Response Mode Current threshold	V <sub>IN</sub> -V <sub>OUT</sub> =1V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =1μA to 30mA			3		mA		
$\Delta V$ out $/\Delta V$ in	Line Regulation	$V_{\text{OUT}}+0.5V \le V_{\text{IN}} \le 6V$ $I_{\text{OUT}}=30\text{mA}  (*V_{\text{IN}} \ge 1.8V)$			±0.02	±0.2	%/V		
RR	Ripple Rejection	Ripple 0.2Vp-p, V <sub>IN</sub> -V <sub>OUT</sub> =1V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =30mA f=1kHz			70		dB		
		(In case that Vout<1.5V, Vin-Vout=1.5		f=10kHz		60			
Vin	Input Voltage	,		1.4		6.0	V		
$\Delta$ Vουτ/ $\Delta$ Topt	Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_{OUT}=30mA,$ $-40^{\circ}C \leq T_{Opt} \leq 85^{\circ}C$			±100		ppm/ °C		
Isc	Short Current Limit	Vouт=0V				50		mA	
<b>I</b> PD	CE Pull-down Current				0.15	0.30	0.45	μΑ	
VCEH	CE Input Voltage "H"			1.0		6.0	V		
Vcel	CE Input Voltage "L"			0		0.4	V		
en	Output Noise	BW=10Hz to 100kHz			30		μVrms		
RLow	Low Output Nch Tr. ON Resistance (of B version)					40		Ω	

## **TYPICAL APPLIATION**



(External Components)
Capacitor; Ceramic Type
C1 : 1.0μF Ceramic

C2, C3 : Refer to the following table

#### Recommended Ceramic capacitor for Output (C2, C3)

Output Voltage Range	Minimum Input Voltage				
Output Voltage Nange	1.4V ≦ V <sub>IN</sub> < 1.65V	1.65V ≦ V <sub>IN</sub>			
$0.8V \le V_{\text{OUT}} < 1.2V$	3.3μF or more	2.2μF or more			
$1.2V \le V_{\text{OUT}} \le 4.2V$	3.3μF or more	1.0μF or more			

**Output Capacitors** 

 $3.3\mu F$  (Murata) GRM219B31A335KE18B

 $2.2\mu F$  (Murata) GRM155B30J225M

1.0μF (Murata) GRM155B31A105KE15

#### **TECHNICAL NOTES**

When using these ICs, consider the following points:

#### **Mounting on PCB**

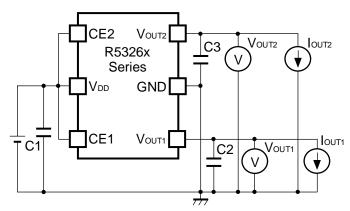
Make  $V_{DD}$  and GND lines sufficient. If their impedance is high, noise pickup or unstable operation may result. Connect a capacitor with a capacitance value as much as  $1.0\mu F$  or more as C1 between  $V_{DD}$  and GND pin, and as close as possible to the pins.

Set external components, especially the output capacitor, as close as possible to the ICs, and make wiring as short as possible.

#### **Phase Compensation**

In these ICs, phase compensation is made for securing stable operation even if the load current is varied. For this purpose, use capacitors C2 and C3 which are shown below table "Recommended Ceramic capacitor for output "If you use a tantalum type capacitor and ESR value of the capacitor is large, output might be unstable. Evaluate your circuit with considering frequency characteristics.

#### **TEST CIRCUITS**



C1=Ceramic  $1.0\mu F$  C2,C3=refer to the term of the external capacitors

CE2 Vout2

R5326x
Series

VDD GND

CE1 Vout1

CC2

C1=Ceramic 1.0µF
C2,C3=refer to the term of the external capacitors

Fig.1 Standard test Circuit

**Fig.2 Supply Current Test Circuit** 

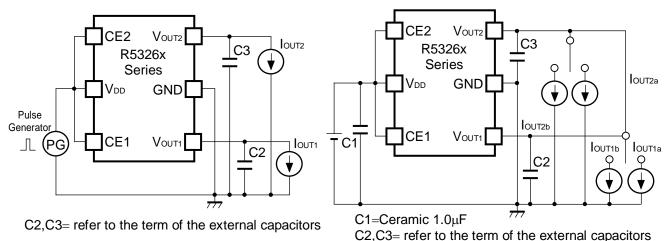


Fig.3 Ripple Rejection, Line Transient Response

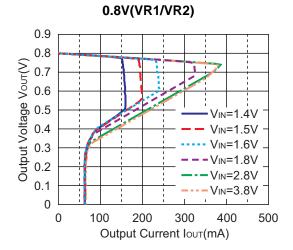
**Test Circuit** 

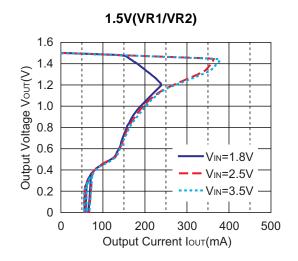
Fig.4 Load Transient Response Test Circuit

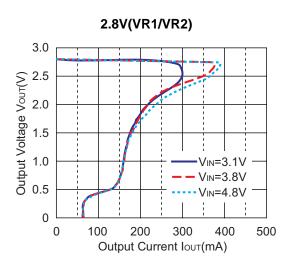
RICOH

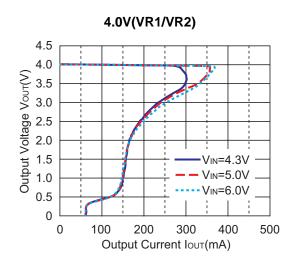
## **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

#### 1) Output Voltage vs. Output Current

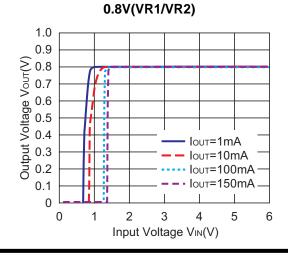


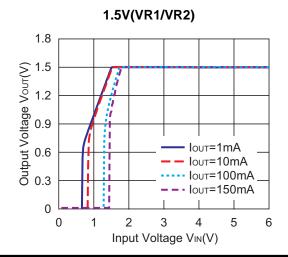




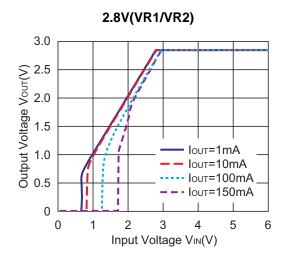


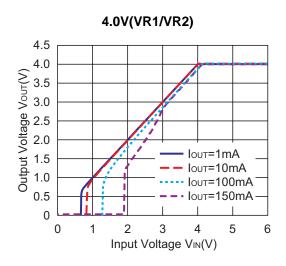
## 2) Input Voltage vs. Output Voltage



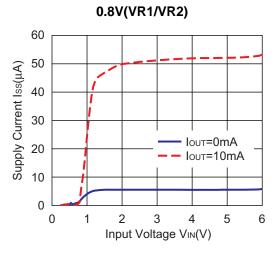


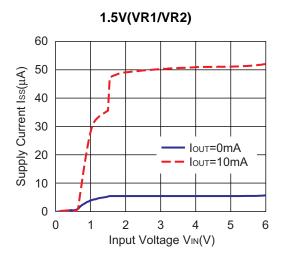
## R5326x

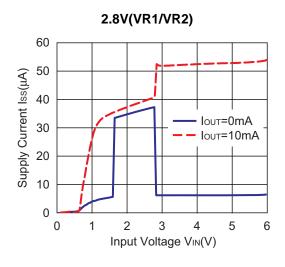


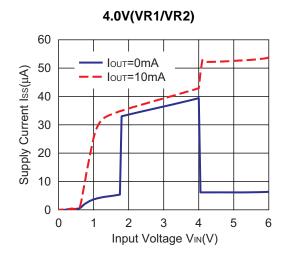


## 3) Supply Current vs. Input Voltage

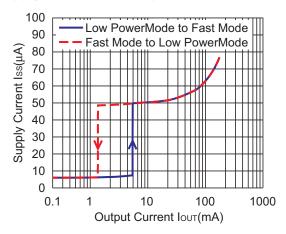






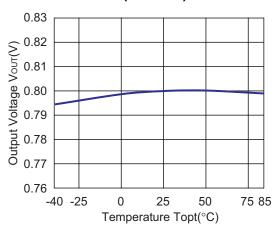


#### 4) Supply current vs. Output current

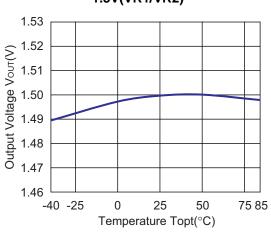


### 5) Output Voltage vs. Temperature

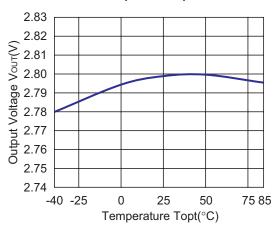




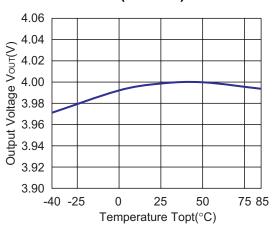
1.5V(VR1/VR2)



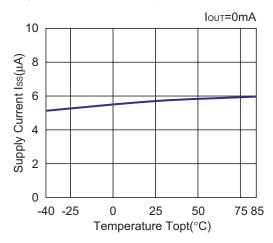
2.8V(VR1/VR2)



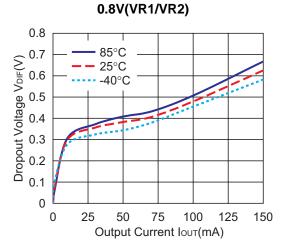
4.0V(VR1/VR2)

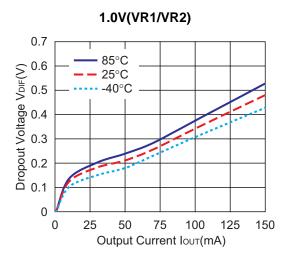


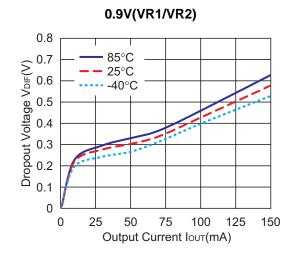
#### 6) Supply Current vs. Temperature

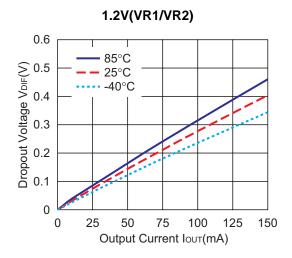


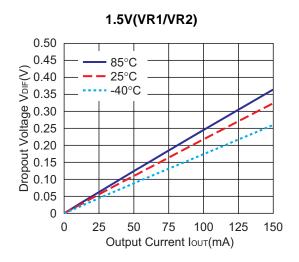
## 7) Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current

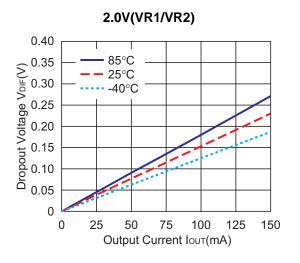


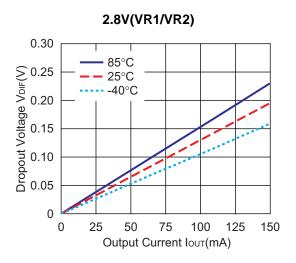


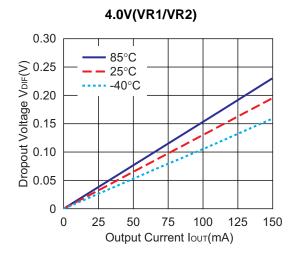




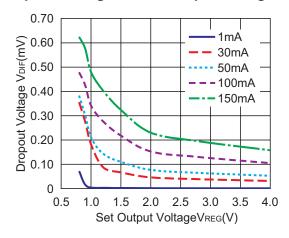






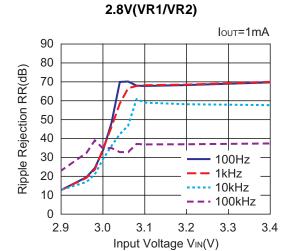


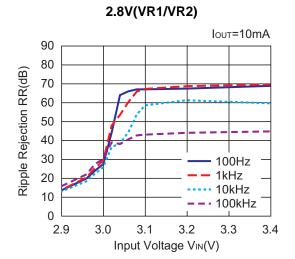
## 8) Dropout Voltage vs. Set Output Voltage



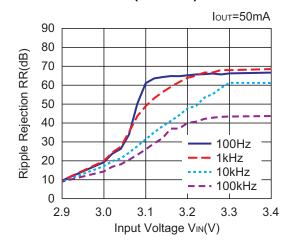
#### 9) Ripple Rejection vs. Input Voltage

#### (Topt=25°C, Ripple 0.5Vp-p, Cin=none, Cout=Ceramic 1.0μF)



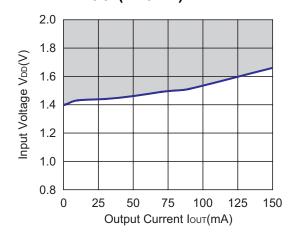


#### 2.8V(VR1/VR2)



#### 10) Minimum Operating Voltage

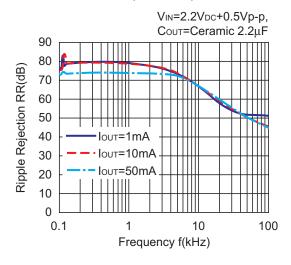
#### 0.8V(VR1/VR2)



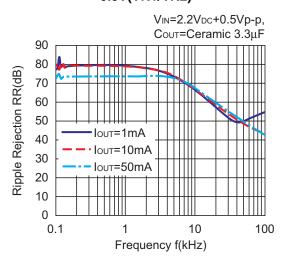
Hatched area is available for 0.8V output

#### 11) Ripple Rejection vs Frequency (CIN=none)

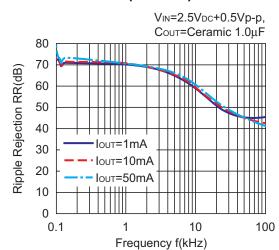
#### 0.8V(VR1/VR2)



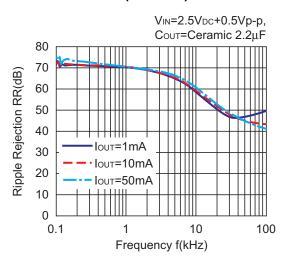
#### 0.8V(VR1/VR2)



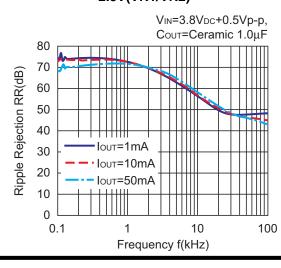
#### 1.5V(VR1/VR2)

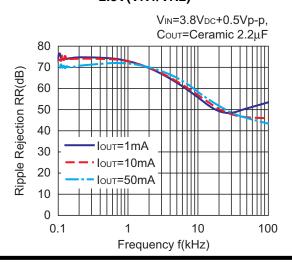


#### 1.5V(VR1/VR2)

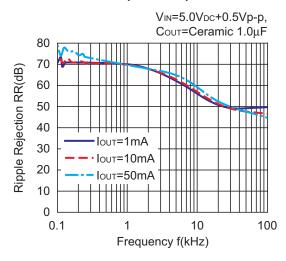


#### 2.8V(VR1/VR2)

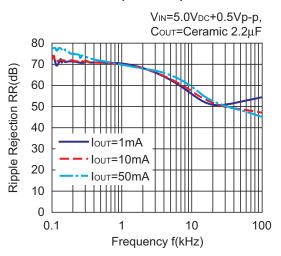




#### 4.0V(VR1/VR2)

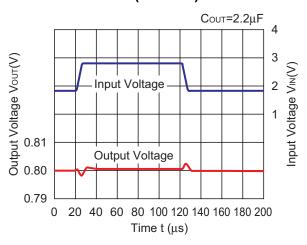


#### 4.0V(VR1/VR2)

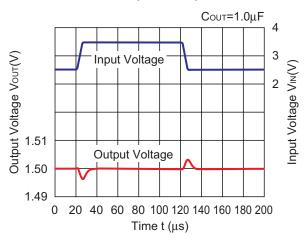


#### 12) Input Transient Response (Ιουτ=30mA,tr=tf=5μs, CιN=none)

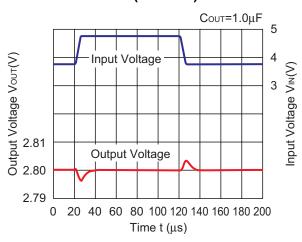
#### 0.8V(VR1/VR2)

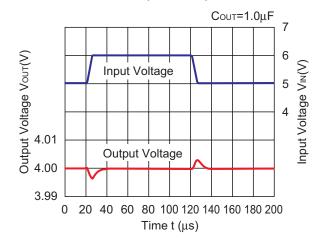


#### 1.5V(VR1/VR2)



#### 2.8V(VR1/VR2)

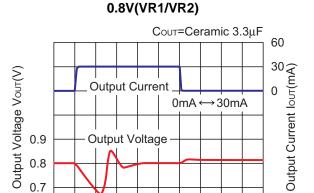




## 13) Load Transient Response1 (tr=tf=0.5μs, CιN=1.0μF)

#### Couт=Ceramic 2.2µF 60 ο © Output Current Ιουτ(mA) Output Voltage Vour(V) **Output Current** $0mA \longleftrightarrow 30mA$ 0.9 **Output Voltage** 8.0 0.7 0.6

0.8V(VR1/VR2)

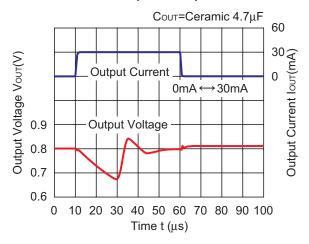


#### 0.8V(VR1/VR2)

0

10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100

Time t (µs)



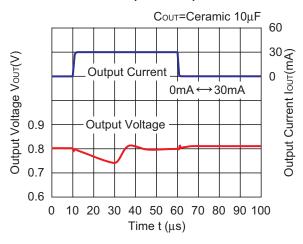
#### 0.8V(VR1/VR2)

10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100

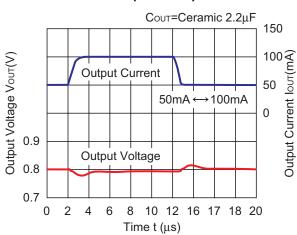
Time t (µs)

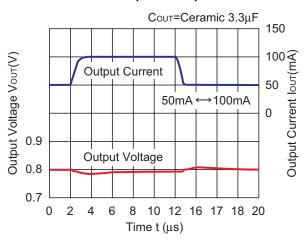
0.7

0.6

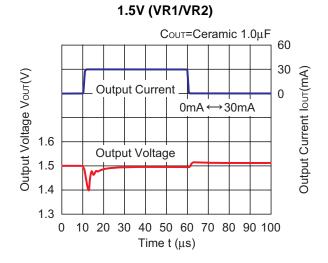


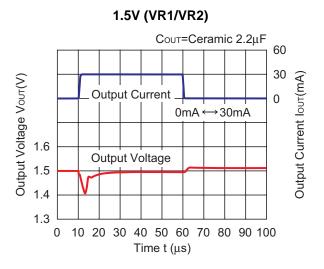
#### 0.8V(VR1/VR2)

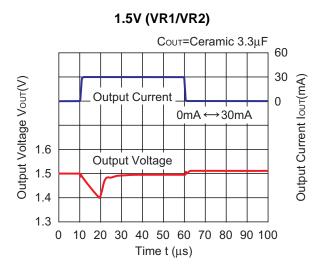


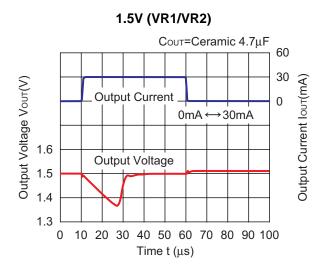


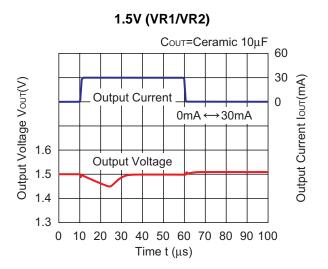
#### R5326x

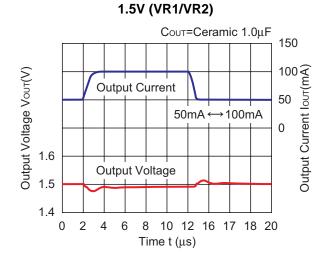


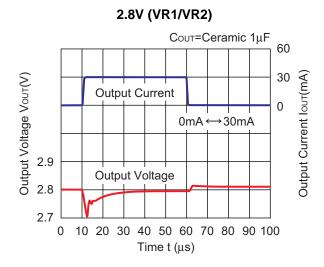


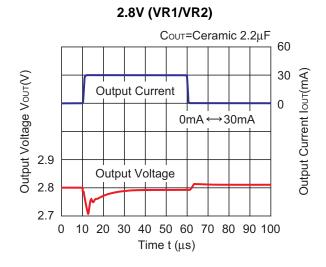


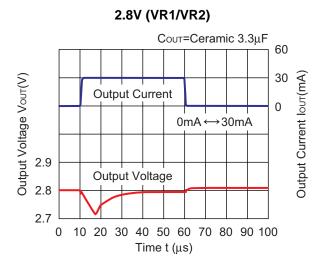


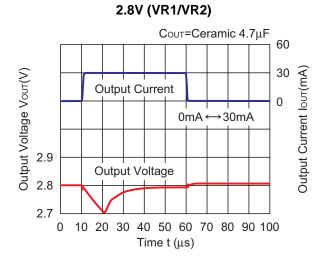


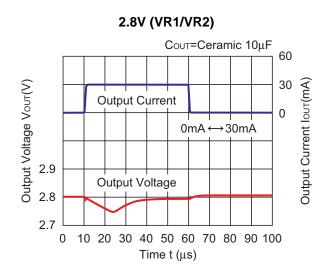


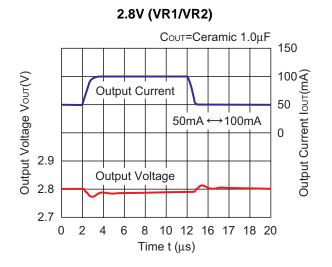




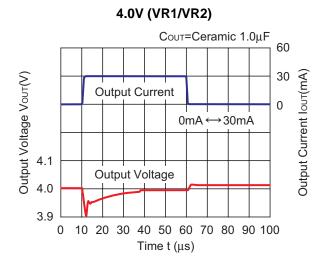


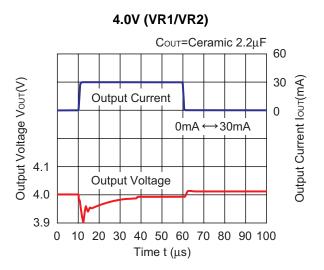


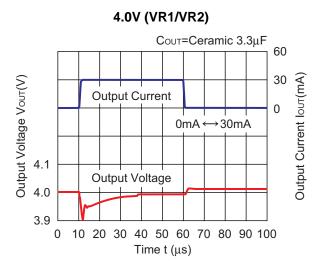


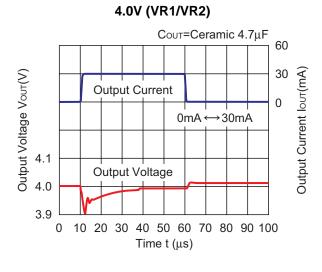


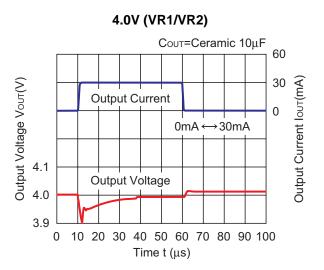
#### R5326x

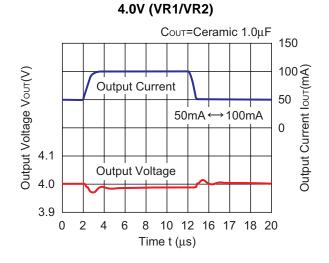










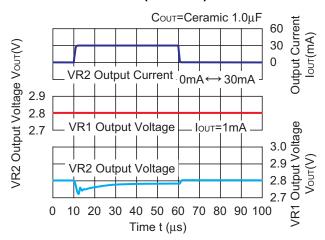


#### 14) Load Transient Response2 (tr=tf=0.5μs, CιN=1.0μF)

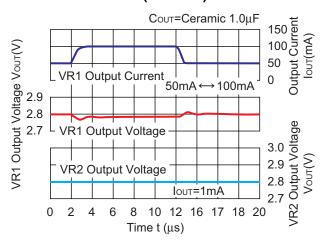


#### Cout=Ceramic 1.0μF Output Current 60 lour(mA) 30 VR1 Output Current 0mA ← →30mA 0 2 8 5 0 0 VR2 Output Voltage VR1 Output Voltage Vout(V)VR2 Output Voltage Iout=1mA 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 Time t (µs)

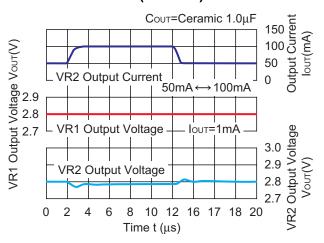
#### 2.8V(VR1/VR2)



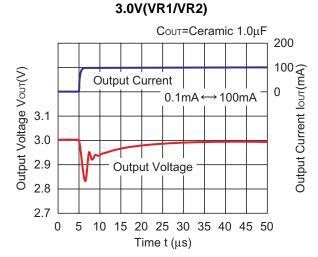
#### 2.8V(VR1/VR2)



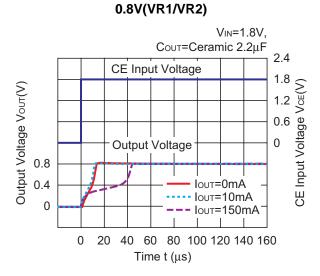
#### 2.8V(VR1/VR2)



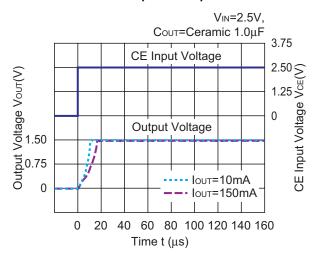
## 15) Load Transient Response3 (tr=tf=10ns)



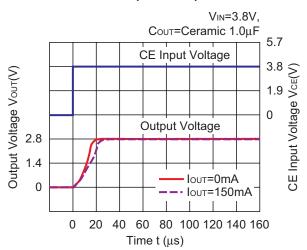
#### 16) Turn on speed with CE Pin (C<sub>IN</sub>=Ceramic 1.0μF)



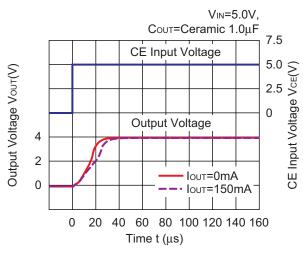
#### 1.5V(VR1/VR2)



#### 2.8V(VR1/VR2)

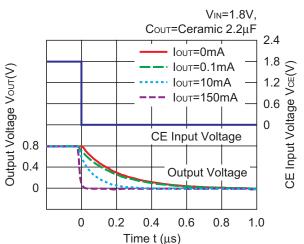


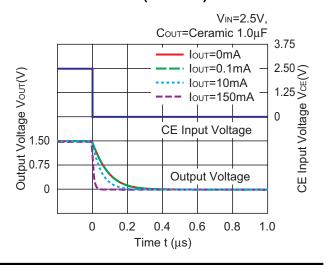
#### 4.0V(VR1/VR2)



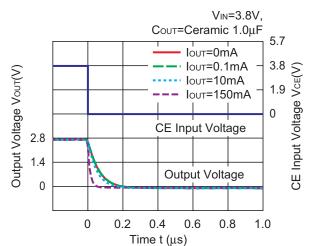
## 17) Turn off speed with CE Pin (CIN=Ceramic 1.0 $\mu$ F)

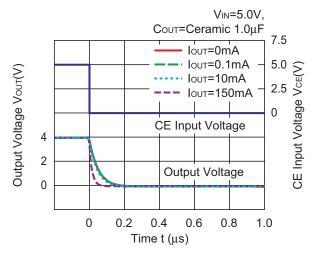






#### 2.8V(VR1/VR2)





## **ESR vs. Output Current**

When using these ICs, consider the following points:

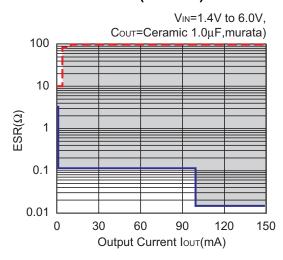
The relations between Iout (Output Current) and ESR of an output capacitor are shown below.

The conditions when the white noise level is under  $40\mu V$  (Avg.) are marked as the hatched area in the graph.

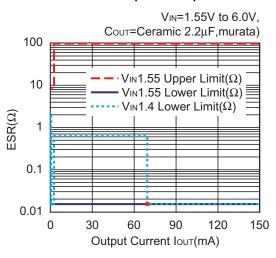
#### **Measurement conditions**

Frequency Band: 10Hz to 2MHz Temperature: -40°C to 85°C

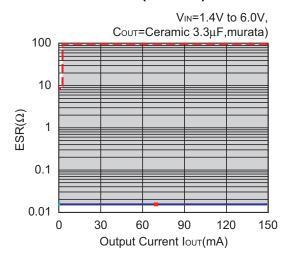
#### 0.8V(VR1/VR2)

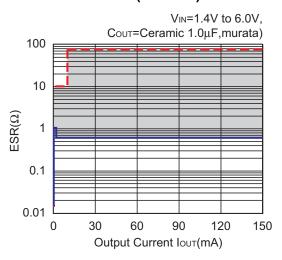


#### 0.8V(VR1/VR2)

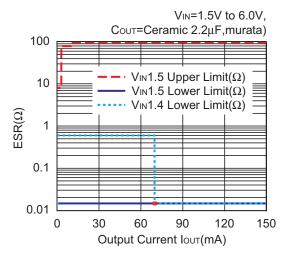


#### 0.8V(VR1/VR2)

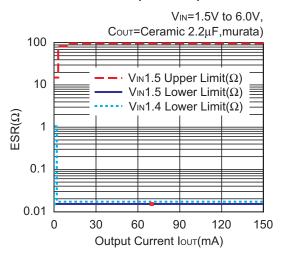




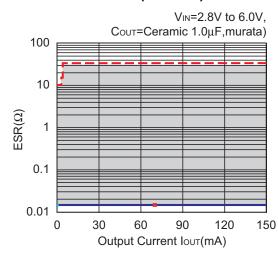
#### 1.0V(VR1/VR2)



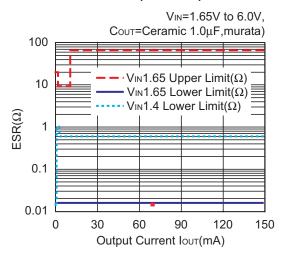
#### 1.2V(VR1/VR2)



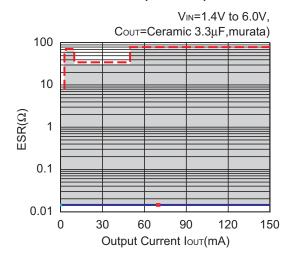
#### 2.8V(VR1/VR2)

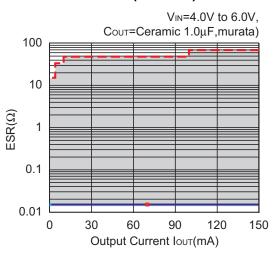


#### 1.2V(VR1/VR2)

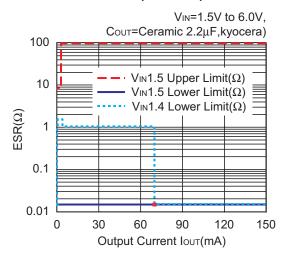


#### 1.2V(VR1/VR2)

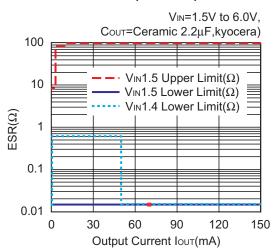


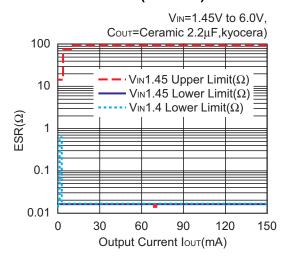


#### 0.8V(VR1/VR2)



#### 1.0V(VR1/VR2)







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■Ricoh awarded ISO 14001 certification.

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Ricoh completed the organization of the Lead-free production for all of our products.

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